



Blessed Thomas Holford Catholic College

May God's love be our guide 

Blessed Thomas Holford Catholic College

Anti- Bullying Policy 2026

This policy was approved by the Governors September 2026

Updated July 2026

This policy will be reviewed annually on or before July 2027

Anti-Bullying Policy

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1. Statement of Intent

In the context of this mission statement and our core values, Blessed Thomas Holford Catholic College is committed to the protection, support, and care of all members of the school community.

We believe that the emotional, physical, mental, and spiritual welfare of the students is paramount.

In doing so we wish to create an atmosphere where students and staff feel safe and secure and where they can enjoy positive and open relationships with each other. *With our faith in Jesus, we are kind, work hard and develop our whole self. Together, we make a difference.*

This policy has been designed to be a policy of prevention. Preventing bullying makes it easier to respond to incidents when they occur. It also enables us to create an ethos in which the whole school community is clear that bullying is completely unacceptable and will not be tolerated. This policy should be used in conjunction with the School's other related policies especially: child protection, whistle blowing, sex and relationship education and behaviour Policies and Keeping Children Safe in Education 2024. A child friendly version of this policy has been written by the anti-bullying ambassadors and is appendix A to this policy.

Why do we need an Anti-Bullying Procedure?

Blessed Thomas Holford Catholic College is a Catholic learning community, guided by Gospel values. A living sign of this community is seen in the way we behave towards each other. Therefore, we will aim to treat all members of our community with the tolerance, love and respect, characteristic of people made in the image and likeness of God.

Bullying can severely inhibit a child's ability to learn effectively. The negative effects of bullying can have an impact on a person for their entire life. This school wishes to promote a secure and happy environment free from threat, harassment and any type of bullying behaviour. Therefore, this policy

promotes practices within the school to reinforce our vision and to remove or discourage practices that negate them.

As a learning community we must ensure that our policies and practices minimise bullying and always help and support every member of the community. Students in our care should be able to excel in their learning and development in accordance with their own ability and potential. Equally, members of staff should be able to fulfil their professional duties without impediment. Therefore, our policy on anti bullying and the procedures which are in place are intended to reflect those beliefs. We are committed to sustaining a culture in which those barriers to teaching and learning that are a consequence of bullying are removed. In line with our school behaviour policy we have also adopted restorative justice in our daily routines.

In carrying out our responsibilities, all staff will seek opportunities to emphasise the message of this policy and put it into practice. Those with responsibility for assemblies, delivery of together for good and PSHE, subject lessons, prayers and liturgies, will ensure that the school's anti-bullying values are highlighted and practiced.

2. Review of this Procedure

2.1 This procedure will be reviewed annually. It may also be reviewed and amended, in consultation with stakeholders, in the light of events or experience. The Stakeholders of this policy are children, parents and carers, staff, governors and volunteers working on behalf of the school.

2.2 Data from the monitoring and recording of incidents (including 'nil' returns) will also inform policy review and will be seen by the governing body at governing body meetings.

3. Aims of this Policy

3.1 The aim of the Anti-Bullying Policy is to ensure that students learn in a supportive, caring and safe environment without fear of being bullied. Bullying is child on child abuse; it is anti-social and its effects can be long lasting; it is unacceptable and will not be tolerated. Only when all issues of bullying are addressed will students be able to fully benefit from the opportunities available at the School.

3.2 To assist in creating an ethos in which attending Blessed Thomas Holford Catholic College is a positive experience for all members of our community.

3.3 To make it clear that all forms of bullying are unacceptable at our school. To enable everyone to feel safe while at Blessed Thomas Holford Catholic College and encourage students to report incidents of bullying.

3.4 To deal with each incident of bullying effectively, taking into consideration the needs of all parties and of our community, and to reduce the incidents of bullying.

3.5 To support and protect victims of bullying and ensure they are listened to.

3.6 To help and support children displaying bullying behaviour to change their attitudes and understand why it needs to change.

3.7 To liaise with parents/carers and other appropriate members of the School community.

3.8 To ensure all members of our community feel responsible for helping to reduce bullying

4 Objectives of the Policy

- 4.1 Evidence that our whole community has ownership of the School's Anti-Bullying Policy and understands the effects of child on child abuse.
- 4.2 To maintain and develop effective listening systems for children and staff within our school
- 4.3 To involve all staff in dealing with incidents of bullying effectively and promptly.
- 4.4 To equip all staff with the skills and information necessary to deal with incidents of bullying.
- 4.5 To involve everyone in our school community in dealing effectively with and, if necessary, referring bullying incidents.
- 4.6 To communicate with parents/carers and the wider school community about bullying.
- 4.7 To ensure that all incidents of bullying are recorded centrally.

4.9 To monitor incidents of bullying by ensuring clear and robust records on CPOMs.

4.10 To ensure information is gathered appropriately and shared with relevant organisations as necessary.

4.11 To promote emotional health and wellbeing across the whole School/setting and for all members of our community to role-model this in all situations.

5 Definition of Bullying

5.1 Bullying is defined as deliberately hurtful behaviour, repeated over a period of time, where it is difficult for those being bullied to defend themselves. Bullying is a form of child on child abuse and can be evident in the following ways:

- a) **Emotional:** being unfriendly, excluding, tormenting (e.g. hiding books, threatening gestures).
- b) **Physical:** pushing, kicking, hitting, punching or any form of aggression.
- c) **Racist:** racial taunts, graffiti, gestures.
- d) **Sexual:** unwanted physical contact or sexually abusive comments.
- e) **LGBT:** bullying because of sexual identity.
- f) **Verbal:** name-calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, teasing.
- g) **Cyber:** online bullying through social media which is intended to threaten, humiliate and isolate. This can include messages, images or sexual intimidation and harassment.

5.2 It is important to understand that bullying is not the odd occasion of falling out with friends, name calling, arguments or when the occasional 'joke' is played on someone. Children do sometimes fall out or say things because they are upset. When occasional problems of this kind arise, it is not classed as bullying. It is an important part of a child's development to learn how to deal with friendship breakdowns, the odd name calling or childish prank. We all have to learn how to deal with these situations and develop social skills to repair relationships.

5.3 Bullying is a form of abuse and should never be tolerated or passed off as "banter" or "part of growing up". Different gender issues can be prevalent when dealing with peer-on-peer abuse. This could, for example, include girls being sexually touched/assaulted or boys being subject to initiation-type violence.

5.4 Students who are being bullied may show changes in behaviour, such as becoming shy and nervous, feigning illness, taking unusual absences or clinging to adults. There may be evidence of changes in work patterns, lacking concentration or truanting from the School. These behaviours, however, do not mean that bullying is taking place. Likewise, bullying may occur without these behaviours appearing. Students must be encouraged to report bullying at the School. The School staff must be alert to the signs of bullying and act promptly and firmly against it in accordance with the School policy.

Some warning signs that a student is being bullied

- Changes in academic performance
- Appears anxious
- Regularly feeling sick or unwell
- Reluctance to come to school
- Clothes/bags torn or damaged
- Money/possessions going missing

- Unexplained cuts and bruises
- Unexplained behaviour changes, e.g. moody, bad-tempered, tearful, unhappiness
- Loss of appetite
- Not sleeping
- Loss of weight
- Seen alone a lot
- Not very talkative

6. Practice and Procedures

6.1 Statutory duty of schools

The Headteacher has a legal duty under KCSIE 2025 to draw up procedures to prevent bullying among students and to bring these procedures to the attention of staff, parents/carers and students. Blessed Thomas Holford Catholic College will develop protocols for the reporting and dealing with the prevention of bullying.

6.2 What we do to prevent bullying

Our BTH Anti-Bullying Way, designed in conjunction with the Anti-Bullying Ambassadors is an integral part of life at BTH. The way encourages three key themes; Be an upstander, protect the dignity of others and Develop Your Whole Self. Talk to someone you trust and work hard to create solidarity in our telling school. Help those around you by spreading peace and always being kind. This is displayed in all classrooms, referred to in Together for Good, PSHE, assemblies and key theme weeks relating to bullying (e.g anti-bullying week).

All students are encouraged to report any concerns or incidents of bullying via the safetynet – an online mailbox which is anonymous and checked regularly by staff

6.2.1

Everyone involved in the life of Blessed Thomas Holford Catholic College must take responsibility for promoting a common antibullying approach. We aim to:

- a) Be supportive of each other
- b) Provide positive role models
- c) Convey a clear understanding that we disapprove of unacceptable behaviour
- d) Be clear that we all follow the rules and shared values of our school
- e) Be fully involved in the development of the Anti-Bullying Policy and support anti- bullying practice
- f) Support each other in the implementation of this policy

6.2.2

Train all staff, including teaching staff, support staff (e.g. administration staff, lunchtime support staff and site support staff) and pastoral staff, to identify all forms of bullying and take appropriate action, following the school's policy and procedures, including recording and reporting incidents. All members of the school community are expected to report incidents of bullying.

All staff have a vital role to play as they are at the forefront of behaviour management and supporting children's sense of wellbeing. They have the closest knowledge of the children in their care, and should build up a relationship involving mutual support, trust and respect.

The supportive environment which exists in school encourages all members of our community to feel confident in speaking out about bullying.

Through the use of posters, leaflets, assemblies, pastoral sessions and staff development, we will continue to raise awareness of the issue of bullying. We have identified members of staff who are available during the school day to talk to students who have concerns about bullying. We communicate this to students through the range of strategies outlined below. In carrying out this important responsibility we are supported by the school governors who can be contacted through the school office.

6.2.3

All Staff will:

- a) Provide children with a framework of behaviour, including rules which support the whole school policy.
- b) Emphasise and behave in a respectful and caring manner to children and colleagues, to set a good tone and help create a positive atmosphere.
- c) Raise awareness of bullying through discussion, peer support, the curriculum, student council, anti-bullying ambassadors, Together for Good Programme, PSHE and record any concerns centrally on CPOMS.

6.3 Implementation

Procedures when dealing with incidents:

- a) If bullying is suspected or reported, the incident will be dealt with immediately by the member of staff who has been approached.
- b) If it is likely that bullying may be occurring or has occurred, a clear account of the incident will be recorded and discussed with the DSL/Deputy DSL.
- c) The DSL or named representative will interview all concerned and will record the incident.
- d) The class teacher/Head of Year/House will be kept informed and if it persists he/she will advise the appropriate staff members.
- e) Parents/carers will be kept informed.
- f) Sanctions will be used as appropriate and in consultation with all parties concerned.
- g) Data protection does not prohibit communication and information sharing, especially where there is a safeguarding concern

6.4 Students

6.4.1 Who are 'Bystanders' and 'Upstanders'?

Bystanders - someone who witnesses bullying, either in person or online, is a bystander. Friends, students, peers, teachers, school staff, parents, coaches, and other youth-serving adults can be bystanders. People who are bullied often feel even more alone because there are witnesses who do nothing. When no one intervenes, the person being targeted may feel that bystanders do not care or they agree with what is happening. There are many reasons why a bystander may not interject, even if they believe that bullying is wrong. They may be afraid of retaliation or of becoming the target of bullying themselves. They might fear that getting involved could have negative social consequences.

Upstanders - An upstander is someone who sees what happens and intervenes, interrupts, or speaks up to stop the bullying.

There are many things that bystanders to bullying can do to become upstanders:

- Question the bullying behaviour e.g. changing the subject or questioning the behaviour can shift the focus.
- Inform an adult immediately – teachers, school staff, family members.
- Reach out privately to check in with the person who was bullied to let them know you do not agree with it and that you care. It makes a difference.

6.4.2 Students who have been bullied will be supported by staff:

- a) Offering an immediate opportunity to discuss the experience with a member of staff of their choice/trusted adult
- b) Reassuring the student that action will be taken
- c) Following up every incident so the student feels confident they are supported
- d) Offering continuous support
- d) Restoring self-esteem and confidence.

6.4.3 Students who have bullied will be helped by staff:

- a) Discussing what happened
- b) Discovering why the student guilty of bullying became involved
- c) Establishing the wrong-doing and need to change, as well as suggesting strategies to assist change
- d) Informing parents/carers to help change the attitude of the student

6.4.4 The following disciplinary steps can be taken:

- a) Explanation why the inappropriate behaviour is unacceptable
- b) A restorative approach where the bully faces the consequences of their actions and the victim can feel they are being listened to and the bullying addressed sensitively
- c) Meeting with staff, parent and child
- d) Time out from the classroom
- g) Pastoral support plan
- h) Official warnings to cease offending
- i) Detention (lunch time/ after school)
- j) Fixed-term suspension
- l) Permanent exclusion

6.5 Support

6.5.1 At Blessed Thomas Holford Catholic College, we will continue to support this procedure in the following ways:

- a) We continue to address staff training needs, by organising regular training to tackle all forms of bullying and child on child abuse, through e-safety/online and behaviour management training, and develop increased awareness on identifying homophobic, bi-phobic, and trans-phobic incidents.
- b) Ensure anti-bullying has a high profile throughout the year, reinforced through key opportunities such as anti-bullying week.
- c) Provide systematic opportunities to develop students' social and emotional skills, including building their resilience and self-esteem.
- d) Consider a range of opportunities and approaches for addressing bullying throughout the curriculum and other activities, such as through displays, assemblies, peer support, the school/student council, etc.
- e) Students made aware of bullying through specific forms of abuse such as radicalisation, cyberbullying, child on child relationship/abuse, social media, criminal exploitation, county lines, CSE, inappropriate content and use of social media.

- f) By including teaching about other forms of discrimination, prejudice and stereotyping in an age-appropriate way and in accordance with guidance so that students understand and appreciate diversity.

Anti-bullying advice to Parents / Carers

- ✓ A great deal of bullying is CYBER-BULLYING. Please regularly monitor your child's use of texting, Facebook, Twitter, TikTok and other social media sites. Access to these is out of the school's control when your child is not in school.
- TALK to your child on a regular basis, so any problem is easier to share.
- LISTEN to what they say.
- ENCOURAGE your child to feel good about themselves, realising that we are all different and equally important.
- If you believe your child is being bullied, or is a bully, talk to other adults at home or at school and explore the options. **DON'T STAY SILENT.**
- If your child is a victim assure them that it is not their fault and that you are going to do something to help.
- Be realistic in your expectations, sometimes on-going problems can take time to resolve
- TRY to be co-operative with our school and not be aggressive. Without a good working relationship between parents and the school the situation could deteriorate, which won't help you or them.
- ALWAYS remember that children can't solve bullying on their own. They NEED the support of parents/carers and our school.

7. Cyberbullying

When responding to cyberbullying concerns, we will:

- a. Act as soon as an incident has been reported or identified.
- b. Provide appropriate support for the person who has been cyberbullied and work with the person who has carried out the bullying to ensure that it does not happen again.
- c. Encourage the person being bullied to keep any evidence (screenshots) of the bullying activity to assist any investigation.
- d. Take all available steps where possible to identify the person responsible. This may include:
 - looking at use of the school systems identifying and interviewing possible witnesses
 - ✓ Contacting the service provider and support parents in a referral to the police
 - ✓ Work with the individuals and online service providers to prevent the incident from spreading and
 - ✓ assist in removing offensive or upsetting material from circulation
 - Support reports to a service provider to remove content if those involved are unable to be identified or if those involved refuse to or are unable to delete content
 - Confiscating and searching students' electronic devices, such as mobile phones, in accordance with the law and the school searching and confiscation policy. (Note: Schools should ensure they access the DfE 'Searching, screening and confiscation at school' and Childnet cyberbullying guidance to ensure that the school's powers are used proportionately and lawfully)
 - Requesting the deletion of content posted online if it contravenes school behaviour policies

- ✓ Ensure that sanctions are applied to the person responsible for the cyberbullying; the school will take steps to change the attitude and behaviour of the bully, as well as ensuring access to any additional help that they may need
- ✓ Inform the police if a criminal offence has been committed

7.1 Provide information to staff and students regarding steps they can take to protect themselves online.

This may include:

- advising those targeted not to retaliate or reply;
- providing advice on blocking or removing people from contact lists;
- helping those involved to think carefully about what private information they may have in the public domain.

8. Equality Impact Statement

We will do all we can to ensure that this procedure does not discriminate, directly or indirectly. We shall do this through regular monitoring and evaluation of our policies. On review we shall assess and consult relevant stakeholders on the likely impact of our policies on the promotion of all aspects of equality, as laid down in the Equality Act (2010).

This will include, but not necessarily be limited to: race, gender, sexual orientation, disability, ethnicity, religion, cultural beliefs and pregnancy/maternity. We will use an appropriate Equality Impact Assessment to monitor the impact of all our policies and this procedure may be amended as a result of this assessment.

9. Useful links and supporting organisations

Bullying

- ✓ Anti-Bullying Alliance: www.anti-bullyingalliance.org.uk
- ✓ Childline: www.childline.org.uk
- Family Lives: www.familylives.org.uk
- Kidscape: www.kidscape.org.uk
- MindEd: www.minded.org.uk
- NSPCC: www.nspcc.org.uk
- The BIG Award: www.bullyinginterventiongroup.co.uk/index.php
- PSHE Association: www.pshe-association.org.uk
- Restorative Justice Council: www.restorativejustice.org.uk
- The Diana Award: www.diana-award.org.uk
- Victim Support: www.victimsupport.org.uk
- Young Minds: www.youngminds.org.uk
- Young Carers: www.youngcarers.net
- The Restorative Justice Council: www.restorativejustice.org.uk/restorative-practiceschools

Cyberbullying

- Childnet: www.childnet.com

- Internet Watch Foundation: www.iwf.org.uk
- Think U Know: www.thinkuknow.co.uk
- UK Safer Internet Centre: www.saferinternet.org.uk
- The UK Council for Child Internet Safety (UKCCIS) www.gov.uk/government/groups/uk-council-for-child-internet-safety-ukccis
- DfE 'Cyberbullying: advice for headteachers and school staff': www.gov.uk/government/publications/preventing-and-tackling-bullying •
- DfE 'Advice for parents and carers on cyberbullying': www.gov.uk/government/publications/preventing-and-tackling-bullying
- Race, religion and nationality
- Anne Frank Trust: www.annefrank.org.uk

- Kick it Out: www.kickitout.org
- Report it: www.report-it.org.uk
- Stop Hate: www.stophateuk.org
- Tell Mama: www.tellmamauk.org
- Educate against Hate: www.educateagainsthate.com
- Show Racism the Red Card: www.srrc.org/educational

LGBT

- Barnardo's LGBT Hub: [www.barnardos.org.uk/what we do/our work/lgbtq.htm](http://www.barnardos.org.uk/what_we_do/our_work/lgbtq.htm)
- Metro Charity: www.metrocentreonline.org • EACH: www.eachaction.org.uk
- Proud Trust: www.theproudtrust.org
- Schools Out: www.schools-out.org.uk
- Stonewall: www.stonewall.org.uk

Sexual harassment and sexual bullying

- Ending Violence Against Women and Girls (EVAW) www.endviolenceagainstwomen.org.uk
- A Guide for Schools: www.endviolenceagainstwomen.org.uk/data/files/resources/71/EVAWCoalition-Schools-Guide.pdf
- Disrespect No Body: www.gov.uk/government/publications/disrespect-nobodycampaign-posters
- Anti-bullying Alliance: Preventing and responding to Sexual Bullying: www.antibullyingalliance.org.uk/tools-information/all-about-bullying/sexual-and-genderrelated/preventing-and-responding-sexual
- Anti-bullying Alliance: advice for school staff and professionals about developing effective anti-bullying practice in relation to sexual bullying: www.antibullyingalliance.org.uk/tools-information/all-about-bullying/sexual-and-gender-relate

Appendix A: ANTI-BULLYING AT BTHCC

At BTHCC we are a caring community where everyone has the right to feel happy and safe in school.

We will not tolerate bullying behaviour of any kind.

Bullying

Bullying is the repetitive or intentional behaviour with the aim of hurting, threatening or frightening someone by the misuse of power.

Types of bullying



Verbal

Repeatedly saying something mean to upset or intimidate someone

- Verbally abusing someone by insulting them, name calling, using sarcasm.
- Making fun of someone. • Verbally making threats.
- Racist/homophobic/sexual name calling.
- Making comments of a sexual nature including those about appearance or attractiveness



Indirect

Repeatedly using actions behind someone's back or not directly to their face to upset them.

- Writing something offensive about someone through social media, using graffiti, notes, letters, emails or text.
- Spreading malicious rumours
- Taking or sending offensive or humiliating photographs.
- Damaging or hiding property such as books or clothing.
- Excluding someone by making sure they are isolated from their friends.
- Encouraging others to bully



Physical

Repeatedly using body contact to upset, hurt or humiliate someone.

- Hurting someone by hitting, kicking, pushing, shoving, tripping up etc.
- Unwanted sexual touching or physical contact.

Bullying isn't

- Teasing or banter between friends without meaning to hurt them.
- Falling out after a disagreement.
- Having a fight after a disagreement.
- Behaviour that everyone involved has agreed to.

What to do if you are bullied or if you are concerned about someone else.

<u>DO</u>	<u>DON'T</u>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tell the bully to stop the bullying behaviour • Do something positive about it. To do nothing always encourages the bully • Talk to someone you can trust, for example a parent, a teacher, a friend • Write down what has happened. Always be honest and stick to the facts. • Keep any online evidence to show if needed • Online- look for 'report abuse' buttons on websites and use them when you see cyberbullying. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Feel you have to deal with the problem yourself • Retaliate in a similar manner • Try to use violence against the bully Be dishonest when you tell someone about the incident: if you exaggerate this can cast doubt on you and the true facts.

All allegations of bullying are investigated. When an incident is investigated and dealt with in school all students must be aware that any sanctions or restorative actions might not be shared with all students involved. All students have a right to privacy.

Help and support available in school

Safety net



If you are concerned about bullying, racist or homophobic language or behaviour you can report a concern using the safety net icon located on your desktop. All matters will be treated confidentially.

Worry Box



Worry boxes are located at the Pastoral office and in the Library. Write and post any concerns you have about yourself or others.

down

Pastoral Dept/Member of Staff



All members of staff will support and help students who wish to talk about any bullying concerns they may have. You can speak to any member of the Pastoral team, Teaching staff or support staff you feel comfortable speaking to.

Anti-Bullying Ambassadors

If you would feel more comfortable speaking to another student for help or advice about a concern you might have about yourself or someone else, you can speak to one of our Anti-Bullying Ambassadors



Our Anti-bullying Ambassadors/Student Council also a crucial role in creating a safe and supportive college environment. Their responsibilities typically include:

- Raising Awareness - Organising events, assemblies, and campaigns to educate students about the effects of bullying and the importance of kindness and inclusion. Using posters, newsletters, and social media to spread anti-bullying messages.
- Supporting Peers - Providing a listening ear and support for students who are experiencing bullying
- Creating Safe Spaces - Establishing safe places where students can go if they feel threatened or need a break from bullying – Enrichment clubs
- Promoting Inclusivity - Organising activities that promote teamwork, respect, and understanding among students. Celebrating diversity and fostering an inclusive school culture – Part of our Personal Development programme.
- Training and Workshops - Participating in training sessions to stay informed about the best practices for preventing and addressing bullying.
- Providing feedback to school leadership about bullying trends and areas that need attention – Student Council voice.

Personal Development

Anti- Bullying is also covered in our **Personal Development Lessons** and Together for Good Form time. Students are taught about:

Types of bullying:

Cyber Bullying

Homophobic, Biphobic and Transphobic Bullying

Group Chats and Anti-Bullying

Anti-Bullying Week Celebration

We also celebrated **Anti Bullying Week** in Assemblies and form time in November.

As part of this we invited Stand Against Violence in to speak to our pupils about Bullying to our year 8 and 9 students.

Day	Task
All days	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scavenger Hunt • Design a poster • PD lesson on bullying • Teacher appreciation cards
Tuesday	Odd Socks Day
Tuesday	Trafford Thrive talking about mental health and bullying - Main Hall
Wednesday	Year 8 to have a talk from an external speaker on bullying
Friday	HOT CHOCOLATE SALE - £1.00 Extra 50p for toppings Breaktime in Main Hall

STOP BULLYING!

DON'T BULLY BE A FRIEND

The BTH Anti-Bullying Way was created in conjunction with the Anti-Bullying Ambassadors. The Way is displayed in all classrooms and on the pledge wall in school. This highlights the importance that all students should follow these three characteristics as being part of the BTH community.

Our Anti-Bullying Way

Be an upstander, protect the **dignity** of others and

Develop Your Whole Self

Talk to someone you trust and **Work Hard** to
create **solidarity** in our telling school

Help those around you by spreading **peace** and
always **Being Kind**



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May God's love be our guide 

